

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30, 2014 with Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Pages
I.	FINANCIAL SECTION	
	INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-2
	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
	Statement of Financial Position	3
	Statement of Activities	4
	Statement of Functional Expenses	5
	Statement of Cash Flows	6
	Notes to Financial Statements	7-15
II.	SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	16
	Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	17
III.	OTHER REPORTS	
	Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	18-19
	Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133	20-21
IV.	SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	22
	Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	23

SECTION I FINANCIAL SECTION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Thomas C. Bondi Lawrence S. Kuechler Roberto M. Maragoni Frank A. Minuti, Jr.



Daniel C. Moors Randy G. Peterson Todd W. Robinson David R. Sheets Robert W. Smiley

FOUNDERS Alexander W. Berger (1916-2005) Griffith R. Lewis (1930-2012)

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND BUSINESS ADVISORS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Community Technology Alliance (A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation) San Jose, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Community Technology Alliance (a California nonprofit public benefit corporation), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2014, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Organization's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Community Technology Alliance as of June 30, 2014, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

55 ALMADEN BLVD. SUITE 600 SAN JOSE, CA 95113-1605 (408) 494-1200 (P) (408) 279-8186 (F)

MEMBER OF AGN AN ASSOCIATION OF SEPARATE AND INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTING & CONSULTING FIRMS

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

The prior year summarized comparative information has been derived from Community Technology Alliance's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report dated February 14, 2014, expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2014, on our consideration of Community Technology Alliance's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Community Technology Alliance's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Berger Lewis Accountancy Corporation

BERGER LEWIS ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION San Jose, California November 18, 2014

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

June 30, 2014 with Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2013

ASSETS

		2014		2013
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	15,525	\$	102,190
Accounts Receivable		61,169		-
Grants Receivable		83,602		130,072
Pledged Inventory Receivable		393,809		-
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		22,174		18,268
Total Current Assets		576,279		250,530
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET		157,246		78,708
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	733,525	<u>\$</u>	329,238

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Accounts Payable	\$ 12,486	\$	10,951
Accrued Liabilities	82,402		56,495
Deferred Revenue	13,121		18,700
Line of Credit	 103,752		
Total Current Liabilities	 211,761		86,146
NET ASSETS:			
Unrestricted Net Assets	87,657		184,959
Temporarily Restricted Net Assets	 434,107		58,133
Total Net Assets	 521,764		243,092
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 733,525	<u>\$</u>	329,238

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

		2014		2013
	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted		TOTAL
SUPPORT AND REVENUE: Support:				
Government Grants Contributions Contributions In-Kind	\$ 836,858 93,394 121,778	\$ - 99,929 <u>393,809</u>	\$ 836,858 193,323 515,587	\$ 876,585 186,193
Total Support	1,052,030	493,738	1,545,768	1,062,778
Revenue: Program Service Revenue Other Income Loss on Disposal of Property and Equipment	549,515 220 (59)	-	549,515 220 (59)	349,644 7,472 (33,821)
Total Revenue	549,676		549,676	323,295
Total Support and Revenue	1,601,706	493,738	2,095,444	1,386,073
Net Assets Released from Restrictions	117,764	(117,764)		
Total Support, Revenue and Net Assets Released from Restrictions	1,719,470	375,974	2,095,444	1,386,073
EXPENSES: Program Services	1,533,532		1,533,532	1,252,397
Supporting Services: Management and General Fundraising	196,283 86,957	-	196,283 86,957	152,172
Total Supporting Services	283,240		283,240	213,132
Total Expenses	1,816,772		1,816,772	1,465,529
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(97,302)	375,974	278,672	(79,456)
NET ASSETS, Beginning of Year	184,959	58,133	243,092	322,548
NET ASSETS, End of Year	<u>\$ 87,657</u>	\$ 434,107	\$ 521,764	\$ 243,092

Year Ended June 30, 2014 with Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

Year Ended June 30, 2014 with Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

			Supporting Services						Тс	tal	
	Prog	ram Services	Management a General	nd	Fundraising		Total		2014		2013
Salaries and Wages	\$	968,243	\$ 103,14	40	\$ 62,261	\$	165,401	\$	1,133,644	\$	856,836
Payroll Taxes		90,968	9,79	98	5,915		15,713		106,681		75,887
Employee Benefits		62,165	6,69	96	4,042		10,738		72,903		90,146
Total Salaries and Related Expenses		1,121,376	119,63	34	72,218		191,852		1,313,228		1,022,869
Technical Expenses		153,904	2,13	39	44		2,183		156,087		188,847
Professional Fees		64,833	48,88	31	3,263		52,144		116,977		67,819
Training and Conference Transportation		48,139	1,10)6	2,778		3,884		52,023		31,078
Rent		42,397	4,24	14	2,562		6,806		49,203		38,016
Co-Location and Other Services		30,521	3,28	32	1,981		5,263		35,784		12,794
Miscellaneous		5,734	9,40)6	308		9,714		15,448		4,294
Supplies		10,791	2,12	24	502		2,626		13,417		13,368
Insurance		8,652	93	32	563		1,495		10,147		5,004
Communications		5,037	52	29	320		849		5,886		8,916
Direct Client Services -											
Telecommunications		4,955	-		-		-		4,955		8,745
Bad Debt (Recoveries) Expense									-		(484)
Total Expenses Before Depreciation		1,496,339	192,27	77	84,539		276,816		1,773,155		1,401,266
Depreciation		37,193	4,00)6	2,418		6,424		43,617		64,263
Total Functional Expenses	\$	1,533,532	<u>\$ 196,28</u>	33	\$ 86,957	<u>\$</u>	283,240	<u>\$</u>	1,816,772	<u>\$</u>	1,465,529
Percentage of Total		84.4 %	10.8	%	4.8 %	_	15.6 %		100.0 %		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended June 30, 2014 with Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		2014		2013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Change in Net Assets	\$	278,672	\$	(79,456)
Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Assets to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				,
Depreciation		43,617		64,263
Donated Computer Hardware		(119,849)		-
Loss on Disposal of Property and Equipment		59		33,821
(Increase) Decrease in Assets		•••		00,021
Accounts Receivable		(61,169)		-
Grants Receivable		46,470		105,044
Pledged Inventory Receivable		(393,809)		-
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		(3,906)		38,318
Increase (Decrease) in Assets				
Accounts Payable		1,535		(40,849)
Accrued Liabilities		25,907		(13,124)
Deferred Revenue		(5,579)		(45,415)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(188,052)		62,602
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of Property and Equipment		(2,365)		(22,439)
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities		(2,365)		(22,439)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from Line of Credit		103,752		
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		103,752		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(86,665)		40,163
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year		102,190		62,027
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of Year	<u>\$</u>	15,525	<u>\$</u>	102,190

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION:

Community Technology Alliance (the "Organization"), founded in 1991, is a nonprofit agency with a mission of harnessing technologies to empower communities to develop data-driven solutions to poverty and homelessness. In partnership with nonprofits, local government agencies and regional planning bodies, Community Technology Alliance accomplishes this mission by:

Community Technology Alliance's objectives are:

- Building and maintaining reliable data and systems
- Developing technologies that promote seamless service coordination
- Avoiding duplication and instead streamlining service
- Facilitating local and regional collaboration
- Providing technical solutions, technical assistance and training to agencies in order to optimize their efficiency and utilization of client data

NOTE 2 - PROGRAM SERVICES:

<u>Homeless Management Information Systems</u> - The Organization is best known for its expertise in technology and policy related to Homeless Management Information Systems (HMIS). HMIS is a shared data collection and case management tool that streamlines the delivery of shelter and supportive services to homeless and at-risk populations, while also reducing the duplication of cost and effort among nonprofits and public agencies that serve these populations. In the Bay Area, the Organization's HMIS is used by more than 75 nonprofit and public organizations who serve approximately 70,000 unduplicated homeless and extremely low-income people each year. The Organization also provides ongoing HMIS technical support to six counties in California and Pennsylvania. The data maintained in HMIS is used by the Organization and its partners to develop tools and strategies to end and prevent homelessness by supporting homeless and at-risk individuals and families on the road to self-sufficiency. The Organization has been providing HMIS services, including database management, software training, comprehensive reports, and data analysis since early 2004.

<u>Technology Development and Training</u> - The Organization engages in short-term consulting projects related to training, technology planning and development, and collective impact measurement with entities from across the country. Topics include the development of data standards, data collection and integration tools, policies and procedures, confidentiality and security, and performance measurement plans. The Organization has also designed numerous web and mobile applications to streamline services to at-risk populations and improve opportunities for outcome evaluation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2 - PROGRAM SERVICES (Continued):

<u>Telecommunications Services</u> - The Organization provided direct telecommunication services to homeless and at-risk populations through its Community Voice Mail and Shelter Bed Hotline programs. Community Voice Mail used basic telecommunications as the first rung on the ladder across the digital divide. The program provided homeless and at-risk individuals and families in Santa Clara County with access to personal, reliable telecommunications to connect to opportunities for jobs, housing, and stability. Clients used Community Voice Mail to establish and maintain contact with potential landlords, employers, and medical and social service providers as a stepping stone to self-sufficiency. After nearly 20 years, the Organization ended the Community Voice Mail project, which was based on old land-line technology, at the end of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and in its place launched the Mobile4All project, a mobile voice, text and data service with service features specifically designed to meet the needs of homeless and extremely low-income customers. The Shelter Bed Hotline is a toll-free number that offers information about emergency shelter in the ninecounty San Francisco Bay Area with one call to the memorable number: 1-800-7-SHELTER.

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> - The financial statements of Community Technology Alliance have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Basis of Presentation</u> - In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the Organization reports its financial position and operating activities in three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets.

Unrestricted net assets include those assets over which the Board of Directors has discretionary control in carrying out the operations of the Organization. Under this category, the Organization maintains an operating fund, any net assets designated by the Board for specific purposes and a property and equipment fund.

Temporarily restricted net assets include those assets which are subject to donor restriction and for which the applicable restriction was not met as of the year end of the current reporting period.

Permanently restricted net assets include those assets which are subject to a nonexpiring donor restriction, such as endowments. There are currently no permanently restricted net assets.

<u>Comparative Financial Information</u> - The financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not by net asset class or functional expense categories. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Organization's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013, from which the summarized information was derived.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

<u>Use of Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of support, revenue and expenses during the period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> - Cash and cash equivalents include highly liquid investments and investments with a maturity of three months or less, and exclude donor restricted receipts and amounts designated for long-term purposes. The Organization maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Organization has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes it is not exposed to any significant risk on cash accounts.

<u>Fair Value Measurement</u> - Fair value is defined as "the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date."

A hierarchy has been established to prioritize the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest ranking to fair values determined using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) and the lowest ranking to fair values determined using methodologies and models with unobservable inputs (Level 3). Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Organization. Unobservable inputs reflect the Organization's assumption about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances.

The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> - Values are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets accessible at the measurement date.

<u>Level 2</u> - Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices from those willing to trade in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by market data for the term of the instrument. Such inputs include market interest rates and volatilities, spreads and yield curves.

<u>Level 3</u> - Certain inputs are unobservable (supported by little or no market activity) and significant to the fair value measurement. Unobservable inputs reflect the Organization's best estimate of what hypothetical market participants would use to determine a transaction price for the asset or liability at the reporting date.

The carrying amounts reported in the statement of financial position for the following items approximate fair value because of the short maturity value of these instruments: Cash and Cash Equivalents, Accounts Receivable, Grants Receivable, Pledged Inventory Receivable, Accounts Payable, Accrued Liabilities, Deferred Revenue and the Line of Credit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

<u>Grants, Pledged Inventory and Accounts Receivable</u> - The Organization considers all grants, pledged inventory and accounts receivable to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary.

<u>Property and Equipment</u> - Property and equipment are recorded at cost or estimated fair value for donated items. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from 3 to 10 years. Equipment purchases over \$1,000 are capitalized. Depreciation is recorded as a decrease in unrestricted net assets and the expense is charged to the activity benefiting from the use of the facilities or equipment. Amounts expended for maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred.

<u>Accrued Vacation</u> - Accrued vacation represents vacation earned, but not taken as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and is included in "accrued liabilities" in the statement of financial position. The accrued vacation balance as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$38,242 and \$32,018, respectively.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred Revenue consists of revenue received for services to be performed in the subsequent period and will be recognized when the service is performed.

<u>Revenue Recognition</u> - The Organization recognizes support and revenue on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue from grants which have been classified as "exchange transactions" and program fees are recognized as revenue in the period in which the service is provided.

<u>Contributions</u> - Contributions are recognized when the donor makes a pledge to give that is, in substance, an unconditional promise. Contributions are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted depending on the nature of donor restrictions. Restricted contributions are reported as increases in restricted net assets. When the restriction is met on a contribution received, the amount is shown as a reclassification of restricted net assets to unrestricted net assets.

<u>Contributions In-Kind</u> - Donated inventory, equipment and other donated goods are recorded at their estimated fair value as of the date of the donation. Contributed services, which require a specialized skill and which the Organization would have paid for if not donated, are recorded at the estimated fair value at the time the services are rendered. The Organization also receives donated services that do not require specific expertise but which are nonetheless central to the Organization's operations.

<u>Functional Expense Allocation</u> - The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities and in the statement of functional expenses. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited. Salary allocations are based on time sheets and management's estimates. Other indirect costs are allocated based on personnel costs in each function.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

<u>Income Taxes</u> - Community Technology Alliance is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and state income taxes under Section 23701(d) of the California Revenue Taxation Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying statements. In addition, the Organization qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under Section 509(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

<u>Uncertainty in Income Taxes</u> - Generally accepted accounting principles provide accounting and disclosure guidance about positions taken by an organization in its tax returns that might be uncertain. Management has considered its tax positions and believes that all of the positions taken by the Organization in its federal and state exempt organization tax returns are more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination.

The Organization's federal returns for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 could be subject to examination by federal taxing authorities, generally for 3 years after they are filed. The Organization's state returns for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, 2011 and 2010 could be subject to examination by state taxing authorities, generally for 4 years after they are filed.

<u>Reclassifications</u> - Certain amounts in the prior year have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year presentation.

<u>Subsequent Events</u> - Management of the Organization has evaluated events and transactions subsequent to June 30, 2014 for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. The Organization did not have subsequent events that required recognition or disclosure in the financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date the financial statements became available to be issued, November 18, 2014.

NOTE 4 - PLEDGED INVENTORY RECEIVABLE:

Pledged inventory receivable consists of 1,000 Nexus 5 Google phones and 50 Nexus 7 Google tablets. These items were recorded at their estimated fair value as of the date of the donation based on online pricing at the date of the contribution. The majority of these products will be distributed for program purposes in the year ending June 30, 2015. Pledged inventory receivable as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$393,809 and \$0, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:

The cost and related accumulated depreciation of the property and equipment at June 30, consisted of the following:

	 2014		2013
Office Equipment Software	\$ 266,904 167,675	\$	178,102 167,675
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 434,579 (277,333)		345,777 (267,069)
Property and Equipment, Net	\$ 157,246	<u>\$</u>	78,708

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$43,617 and \$64,263, respectively.

NOTE 6 - LINE OF CREDIT:

The Organization has a \$180,000 unsecured line of credit with Wells Fargo Bank with a rate set at the lower of prime plus 2% or 5%. The interest rate on June 30, 2014 was 5.25%. This line of credit is callable at any time at the discretion of Wells Fargo Bank. As of June 30, 2014 and 2013 the amount outstanding was \$103,752 and \$0, respectively.

NOTE 7 - TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS:

The Organization's temporarily restricted net assets at June 30, consisted of the following:

		2014		2013
Purpose Restriction:				
Mobile Outreach Application	\$	24,507	\$	-
Step Up Silicon Valley		15,791		58,133
Time Restriction:				
Pledged Inventory Receivable		393,809		
Total Temporarily Restricted Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	434,107	<u>\$</u>	58,133

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 8 - NET ASSETS RELEASED FROM RESTRICTIONS:

Net assets were released from restrictions during the year by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose or by the expiration of time as follows:

	 2014
Purpose Restriction:	
Step Up Silicon Valley	\$ 67,342
Mobile Outreach Application	 50,422
Total Net Assets Released from Restrictions	\$ 117,764

NOTE 9 - CONTRIBUTIONS IN-KIND

For the years ended June 30, contributions in-kind included the following:

	2014			2013
Phones and Tablets (See Note 4)	\$	393,809	\$	-
Computer Hardware		119,849		-
Other Hardware		1,929		
Total Contributions In-Kind	\$	515,587	\$	-

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLAN:

The Organization sponsors a 403(b) retirement plan to provide retirement benefits to all eligible employees. The Organization did not make contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2014. The Organization contributed \$7,678 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2013.

NOTE 11 - CONTINGENCIES:

Grants and contracts awarded to Community Technology Alliance are subject to the funding agencies' criteria, contract terms and regulations under which expenditures may be charged and are subject to audit under such terms, regulations and criteria. Occasionally, such audits may determine that certain costs incurred in connection with the grants do not comply with the established criteria that govern them. In such cases, the Organization could be held responsible for repayments to the funding agency for the costs or be subject to a reduction of future funding in the amount of the costs. Management does not anticipate any material questioned costs for the contracts and grants administered during the period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 12 - OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS:

The Organization leases its office space under a non-cancelable operating lease that began in December 2012 and runs through December 2016. Office rent expense for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 under this lease totaled \$44,269 and \$38,016, respectively.

Future minimum lease payments (without adjustment for changes in the Consumer Price Index) are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amount
2015	\$	63,590
2016		65,454
2017		33,193
Total Future Minimum Lease Payments	<u>\$</u>	162,237

NOTE 13 - CONTINUING OPERATIONS:

The Organization experienced losses in the past due to:

- The Organization's largest source of revenue grants from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) do not fully fund their own costs, requiring the Organization to use other funding sources and its own reserves to pay for the difference.
- Many of the public sources that the Organization historically relied on for support became unavailable as a result of changing regulations.
- The Organization expanded its fee-for-service activities in an effort to generate sufficient revenue to cover these losses, hiring additional personnel and expanding its office space to support the activities, but has not yet consistently earned a profit on these projects.

During this period, the Organization covered these deficits by spending down its reserves and by accessing a line of credit.

The Organization is implementing the following strategies to address these losses in the year ending June 30, 2015:

- Pursuing opportunities to reduce losses in HUD-funded projects by re-assigning two large HUD grants to another entity and contracting back with that entity to provide the services at a fee-for-service rate that covers all expenses.
- Adopting a reduced budget in the year ending June 30, 2015, achieved in part through elimination of some staff positions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 13 - CONTINUING OPERATIONS (Continued):

- Adopting new fee-for-service rates for the year ending June 30, 2015 designed to cover the full cost of a project, and contribute toward the Organization's other financial priorities such as paying off the line of credit.
- Adopting a plan to dedicate 50% of new net revenue secured beyond the Organization's revenue goals during the year to repay the line of credit liability.

Management believes that its business plan for the year ending June 30, 2015 will allow the Organization to begin generating the revenue necessary to address the operational losses from previous years. With these strategies, the Organization has prepared itself to not only continue operations this year, but to also emerge better prepared to sustain the Organization in the future.

SECTION II SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Grantor's Number/ Grant Number	Grant Period/ Period In Current Fiscal Year	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:					
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	CA 0008L9T001205	9/1/13 - 6/30/14	\$	272,240
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	CA 0951B9T001101	7/1/13 - 3/31/14		97,792
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	CA 0230L9T081205	10/1/13 - 6/30/14		67,313
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	CA 0230B9T081104	7/1/13 - 9/30/13		34,353
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	CA 0008B9T001104	7/1/13 - 8/31/13		32,820
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	CA 0951L9T001302	4/1/14 - 6/30/14		28,607
Total Supportive Housing Program					533,125
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants:					
Passed through Santa Clara County	14.218	PS-14-02	7/1/13 - 6/30/14		15,000
Emergency Solutions Grant Program	14.231	ESG-12-004A	7/1/13 - 6/30/14		87,945
Emergency Solutions Grant Program	14.231	ESG-12-004	7/1/12 - 6/30/13		7,041
Total Emonganor, Solutions Cront Program					04.096
Total Emergency Solutions Grant Program					94,986
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES				\$	643,111

See Accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Community Technology Alliance under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30 2014. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Community Technology Alliance, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Community Technology Alliance.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-122, *Cost Principles for Non-Profit Organizations*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

SECTION III OTHER REPORTS

Thomas C. Bondi Lawrence S. Kuechler Roberto M. Maragoni Frank A. Minuti, Jr.

FOUNDERS Alexander W. Berger (1916-2005) Griffith R. Lewis (1930-2012)



Daniel C. Moors Randy G. Peterson Todd W. Robinson David R. Sheets Robert W. Smiley

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND BUSINESS ADVISORS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Community Technology Alliance (A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation) San Jose, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Community Technology Alliance (a California nonprofit public benefit corporation), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2014, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Community Technology Alliance's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Community Technology Alliance's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Community Technology Alliance's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Organization's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

55 ALMADEN BLVD. SUITE 600 SAN JOSE, CA 95113-1605 (408) 494-1200 (P) (408) 279-8186 (F)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Community Technology Alliance's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Berger Lewis Accountancy Corporation

BERGER LEWIS ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION San Jose, California November 18, 2014

Thomas C. Bondi Lawrence S. Kuechler Roberto M. Maragoni Frank A. Minuti, Jr.

Alexander W. Berger (1916-2005) Griffith R. Lewis (1930-2012)

FOUNDERS



Daniel C. Moors Randy G. Peterson Todd W. Robinson David R. Sheets Robert W. Smiley

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND BUSINESS ADVISORS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Directors Community Technology Alliance (A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation) San Jose, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Community Technology Alliance's (a California nonprofit public benefit corporation) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Community Technology Alliance's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. Community Technology Alliance's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Community Technology Alliance's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Community Technology Alliance's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Community Technology Alliance's compliance.

55 ALMADEN BLVD. SUITE 600 SAN JOSE, CA 95113-1605 (408) 494-1200 (P) (408) 279-8186 (F)

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Community Technology Alliance complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Community Technology Alliance is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Community Technology Alliance's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Community Technology Alliance's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Berger Lewis Accountancy Corporation

BERGER LEWIS ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION San Jose, California November 18, 2014

SECTION IV SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year Ended June 30, 2014

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS:

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Community Technology Alliance.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Community Technology Alliance, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Community Technology Alliance expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. No audit findings which would be required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133 are reported in this Schedule.
- 7. The program tested as a major program was:• CFDA 14.235 Supportive Housing Program
- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Community Technology Alliance was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT:

NONE

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT:

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Name of Program - Supportive Housing Program CFDA No. - 14.235 Grant Period - 7/1/13 - 6/30/14 None

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year Ended June 30, 2014

NONE